

## **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

U.S. Department of Labor Occupational Safety & Health Administration

# **Polafloor Epoxy Primer - Part A**

# **SECTION 1 - IDENTIFICATION**

MANUFACTURER: Andek Corporation

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PRODUCT IDENTIFIER: Polafloor Epoxy Primer - Part A

RECOMMENDED USE: Industrial Floor Primer

# **SECTION 2 – HAZARD IDENTIFICATION**

HAZARD CLASSIFICATION (EFFECTS OF EXPOSURE):

**Skin:** Irritant Category 2, Sensitization Category 1 **Ingestion: Do Not** ingest. Toxicity Category 4

**Aquatic Toxicity:** Category 2

**SIGNAL WORD:** Warning - no hazard in normal industrial use.

## **HAZARD STATEMENTS:**

- May be harmful if swallowed.
- Causes mild skin irritation.
- May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Causes eye irritation.

### **PICTOGRAMS:**





### **PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:**

### **Prevention:**

- **Do Not** get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.
- Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

# Response:

- Skin: Wash with plenty of water.
- Eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do and continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists get medical advice/attention.
- **Inhalation:** No specific measures.
- Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do Not induce vomiting.

### Storage:

Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container.

### Disposal:

- Waste disposal should be in accordance with existing federal, state and local environmental control laws.
- Incineration is the preferred method.

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# **SECTION 3 – COMPOSITION**

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS#	APPROX %
Epoxy Resin	25068-38-6	83
C <sub>12</sub> -C <sub>14</sub> Aliphatic Glycidyl Ether	68609-97-2	17

# **SECTION 4 – FIRST AID MEASURES**

#### Skin:

- Do Not Delay Remove contaminated clothing and wash skin with water using soap if available.
- If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

#### Eyes:

- **Do Not Delay** Flush eye with water.
- If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

#### Inhalation:

No specific measures.

#### **Ingestion:**

- **Do Not** induce vomiting.
- In the unlikely event of ingestion, obtain medical attention immediately.

### Advice to physicians:

If skin sensitization has developed and a causal relationship has been confirmed further exposure should not be allowed.

# SECTION 5 – FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

#### Specific hazards:

- Not classified as flammable but will burn.
- Carbon monoxide may be evolved if incomplete combustion occurs.

#### **Extinguishing media:**

- Small fires: Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, foam, water spray or fog, sand or earth.
- **Large fires:** Foam, water spray or fog.

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water in a jet

### **Protective equipment:**

Full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

### Other Information:

Keep adjacent containers cool by spraying with water.

# <u>SECTION 6 – ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES</u>

### **Personal precautions:**

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

### **Personal protection:**

Wear protective clothing specified for normal operations (see Section 8).

### **Environmental precautions:**

- Prevent contamination of soil and water.
- Prevent from spreading or entering into drains, ditches or rivers by using sand, earth, or other appropriate barriers.
- If material enters drains it should be pumped out into an open vessel. Emergency services may need to be called to assist in this
  operation.

### Clean-up methods - small spillage:

- Absorb or contain liquid with sand, earth or spill control material.
- Shovel up and place in a labeled sealable container for subsequent safe disposal.
- Scrub contaminated surfaces with a detergent solution.
- Retain washings as contaminated waste.
- Put leaking containers in a labeled drum or over drum.

### Clean-up methods - large spillage:

- Transfer to a labeled container for product recovery or safe disposal.
- Otherwise treat as for small spillage.

### Other information:

• See Section 13 for information on disposal.

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# SECTION 7 – HANDLING & STORAGE

#### Handling:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

#### Storage:

- Keep container tightly closed and dry.
- Palletized loads should be stacked to a maximum of 4 high.
- Storage temperatures: between 50°F and 90°F.

# SECTION 8 – EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### **Exposure limits:**

CHEMICAL NAME	PEL	TLV (Oral toxicity)
Epoxy Resin	N/A	LD50 >8g/kg

#### Occupational exposure standards:

• None established.

### **Inhalation protection**:

- Not normally required.
- In a confined space, wear half mask respirator with organic vapor cartridge and built-in particulate filter NPF 20 (gas only).

#### Eye protection:

Mono-goggles

## Skin and body protections:

- Nitrile rubber gloves or butyl rubber gloves, gauntlet type.
- · Standard issue work clothes.
- Safety boots; chemical resistant without lace holes.

# <u>SECTION 9 – PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES</u>

Appearance: Low viscosity, Newtonian liquid

Physical state: Liquid

Color: Transparent, pale yellow

Odor: Slight

Odor threshold: None established

**pH**: 7.0

Melting point/freezing point: Crystallizes below 50°F / re-melts at above 100°F

Initial boiling point and boiling range: 390 to 400°F

Flash point: 302°F

**Evaporation rate**: Non volatile

Flammability (solid, gas): Not flammable but combustible at high temperatures

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: None established

Vapor pressure: 0.01 P<sub>a</sub> @20°C Vapor density: None established Relative density: 1.14 kg/lt Solubility: Insoluble with water

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: 0g Pow>3

**Auto-ignition temperature**: 572°F

Decomposition temperature: None established

Viscosity: 600 centipoises @25°C

# SECTION 10 - STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

### Reactivity:

- Reacts with strong oxidizing agents.
- Polymerizes exothermically with amines, mercaptans and Lewis acids at ambient temperature and above.
- Polymerizes in contact with caustic soda.
- Reacts exothermically with bases (e.g. caustic soda), ammonia, primary and secondary amines, alcohols and acids.

## Chemical stability:

• Stable under normal use conditions.

### **Incompatibility (materials to avoid):**

Strong oxidizing agents. Caustic soda.

### Hazardous decomposition products:

Not expected to form during normal storage.

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#### Conditions to avoid:

Caustic soda can induce a vigorous polymerization at temperatures around 200°C.

# SECTION 11 – TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## Likely routes of exposure:

#### Oral:

- Unlikely, but if swallowed, epoxy resin has low toxicity in small amounts.
- Swallowing large amounts may cause injury.

#### Inhalation:

- Not irritating at room temperature.
- Vapor from heated products may cause irritation.

#### Dermal:

- Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation with local redness.
- Prolonged contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts.
- Sensitization may occur in some individuals.

### Effects from short and long term exposure:

- Many studies have been conducted including a recent review by the international agency for research on cancer (IARC) to assess the potential carcinogenicity of epoxy resin.
- All available data concludes that it is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity or mutagenicity.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity:

CHEMICAL NAME	Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
Epoxy Resin	>2,000 mg/kg	>2,000 mg/kg	N/A

## SECTION 12 – ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Ecotoxicity:** Fish LC50 (96 hr) = 1.41 mg/l Crustaceans EC50 (48 hr) = 1.7 mg/l

**Biodegradation:** Not readily biodegradable but will degrade slowly on the surface by photodegradation.

Bioaccumulation potential: It has the potential to bioaccumulate with an octanol/water partition coefficient log Pow of >3.

Mobility in soil: Epoxy resin will bind to soil particles but it is insoluble in water and will sink to the bottom.

Other adverse effects: This epoxy resin is a reaction product of Bisphenol A and Epichlorohydrin. There have been numerous studies conducted to assess the ecological characteristics of both of these substances. None, however, were determined to be relevant in this instance.

## **SECTION 13 – DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Precautions: See Section 8. Refer to Section 7 before handling the product or containers.

### Disposal of waste/ product:

- Recover or recycle if possible.
- Otherwise incineration or dispose to licensed disposal contractor.

# Disposal of contaminated packaging:

- Drain container thoroughly
- Rinse three times with suitable solvent. Treat rinsings as for product disposal.
- After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire.
- Send to drum recoverer or metal reclaimer.

# **SECTION 14 – TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

UN#	None
UN PROPER SHIPPING NAME:	Paint
HAZARD CLASS:	N/A
PACKING GROUP:	N/A
ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS:	Not a marine pollutant
GUIDANCE ON TRANSPORT IN	N/A
BULK:	

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# <u>SECTION 15 – REGULATORY INFORMATION</u>

**US Federal Regulation:** 

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories: Not listed

US State Right to Know Regulations: New Jersey, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS #
Epoxy Resin	25068-38-6

CA Prop 65: Not listed

### Canada

CHEMICAL NAME	CAS#
Epoxy Resin	25068-38-6

# **SECTION 16 – OTHER INFORMATION (HMIS RATING)**

Health	1
Flammability	1
Physical Hazard	0
Personal Protection	Н

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